FILED
06/01/2023
Angie Sparks
CLERK
Lewis & Clark County District Court
STATE OF MONTANA

By: Helen Coleman

DV-25-2020-0000307-BF Seeley, Kathy

381.00

1 2

3

4

5

67

8

9

10

11

12

v.

13

1415

16

17

18 19

20

21

2223

. .

24

25

### MONTANA FIRST JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT LEWIS AND CLARK COUNTY

RIKKI HELD, et al.,

Plaintiff,

\_ \_\_\_\_

STATE OF MONTANA, et al.,

Defendant.

Cause No. CDV-2020-307

#### ORDER ON MOTIONS IN LIMINE

Before the Court are the parties' motions *in limine* (MILs). Youth Plaintiffs filed seven MILs, and the Court ruled on MIL No. 1 on Feb. 2, 2023. Plaintiffs' MIL Nos. 2-6 are opposed by the State and will be addressed in turn. Plaintiffs' MIL No. 7 is not opposed by the State, but there is a dispute over authenticating agency documents. The State presents seven MILs. The State's MILs Nos. 5 and 7 are unopposed by Plaintiffs and will therefore be granted. The State's remaining MILs will be addressed after Plaintiffs'.

/////

////

#### Plaintiffs' MIL No. 2: Remote Testimony of Dr. Trenberth.

The State does not oppose remote testimony for Dr. Trenberth because of his medical condition, but other witnesses will not be allowed to testify remotely unless the moving party shows good cause. This motion will be granted.

# Plaintiffs' MIL No. 3: Limit Scope of Hybrid and 30(b)(6) Witness to Testimony Given in Depositions.

Plaintiffs' MIL No. 3 seeks to limit the testimony of State's Hybrid Experts Dave Klemp and Sonja Nowakowski to opinions expressed in their depositions, to eliminate surprise and promote effective cross-examination of the witnesses.

The State argues that it disclosed the identity of the hybrid witnesses and the scope of their testimony as best it could, given the broad framing of Plaintiffs' deposition notices and questioning.

The Court agrees with the State that Plaintiffs could have asked more specific questions in the depositions. The witnesses will be allowed to testify on matters regarding which they indicated, for example, that their testimony "would depend on the question that was asked." Nowakowski Dep. 28:4-12.

However, the Court also agrees with Plaintiffs that developing an opinion in preparation for trial would make a hybrid witness a retained expert witness subject to the disclosure requirements of Mont. R. Civ. P. 26(b)(4). Therefore, the hybrid witnesses will not be allowed to opine on matters regarding which they said they had no opinion or "can't answer that." Klemp Dep. 103:11-20.

Plaintiffs also move to limit the testimony of the State's agency designees to the testimony given during their depositions because the witnesses expressed varying degrees of knowledge or lack of knowledge on various deposition topics. The State argues that Plaintiffs' deposition notices were overly broad and that "it would literally take a large portion of DEQ staff to cover the topics listed." Defs.' Comb. Br. Opp. Mot. Limine at 9.

Designated representatives must testify about "information known or reasonably available" to the agency. Mont. R. Civ. P 30(b)(6). Even if a witness testifies differently than in deposition, that testimony must be based on information that was discoverable by Plaintiffs. Plaintiffs may also cross-examine witnesses as to why they were unable to offer that testimony during their depositions. This motion will be granted in part and denied in part as set forth above.

#### Plaintiffs' MIL No. 4: Limit rebuttal expert testimony of Dr. Sheppard.

Dr. Sheppard was retained to critique the methodology of Dr. Van Susteren. Plaintiffs argue that, because Dr. Sheppard lacks expertise concerning the mental health impacts of climate change, she should not be allowed to opine on the methodology Dr. Van Susteren used to formulate her expert opinions. The Court disagrees.

The Court ruled that Plaintiffs' mental health was not genuinely at issue in this case. Order on Motion Under Rule 35(a) for IMEs at 3-6. That ruling was made in part because Dr. Van Susteren had not formally diagnosed Plaintiffs. Dr. Van Susteren's findings were reported as case studies or profiles, and they are not so esoteric as to require specialized training to evaluate them. Dr. Sheppard has the requisite education and experience as a

neuropsychologist to comment on Dr. Van Susteren's psychological evaluations and whether Dr. Van Susteren utilized a reliable methodology to reach her conclusions. This motion will therefore be denied.

### Plaintiffs' MIL No. 5: Exclude expert opinions of Dr. Curry.

Plaintiffs' MIL No. 5 seeks to exclude and/or limit the scope of Dr. Curry's expert testimony to climate science—that for which she has the requisite "knowledge, skill, experience, training, or education." Mont. R. Evid. 702. Dr. Curry's report discusses scientific topics such as weather, fossil fuels, GHGs, and renewable energy sources, but it also contains commentary on media and mental health.

Dr. Curry is qualified to opine on climate science and renewable energy. But she is not qualified to "proffer[] testimony as a historian of the climate change debate," or opine about mental health. *Mann v. Nat'l Review, Inc., et al.*, 2012 CA 008263 B (DC Superior Ct.) at 12. She may offer opinions about the accuracy of media coverage of climate science, but not the mental impacts on Plaintiffs or others.

The section of Dr. Curry's report on climate change rhetoric and mental health goes beyond her "knowledge, skill, experience, training, or education." Mont. R. Evid. 702. At trial, the Court will necessarily determine the reliability of Dr. Curry's methodology in reaching her scientific opinions. This motion is granted in part and denied in part.

## Plaintiffs' MIL No. 6: Stipulate to admission of expert reports unless there are objections besides hearsay.

Plaintiffs' MIL No. 6 seeks a broad ruling that expert reports of the parties will not be excluded on hearsay grounds. This is a bench trial and

Plaintiffs are correct that typical inadmissibility concerns are diminished, but the State is also correct that these experts will testify at trial and a trial-by-report will put an unnecessary burden on the Court. While many of the expert reports may be admitted into evidence, the Court will not broadly suspend the hearsay rules regarding expert reports. This motion will be denied.

Plaintiffs' MIL No. 7: Stipulate to the authenticity and foundation of select documents.

Plaintiffs' MIL No. 7 seeks an order deeming that more than 150 proposed exhibits have the proper authentication and foundation to be admissible at trial. According to Plaintiffs' Appendix A, attached to the MIL, the State has stipulated to the authenticity and foundation of about 30 of the proposed exhibits. Pls.' Mot. *In Limine* No. 7 Appendix A. Plaintiffs now state that the State has yet "to authenticate a single document listed in Appendix A." Pls.' Mot. *In Limine* No. 7: Second Notice of Submittal at 2.

In emails between the parties and during the final pre-trial conference on April 27, 2023, the State represented that it was not opposed to stipulating to authenticity and foundation for these documents but was burdened by the volume and scope of Plaintiffs' request. The State indicated it would "have those worked through" by the June 12, 2023, trial. *Id.* (quoting Transcript of Final Pre-Trial Conference at 8:1-5 (April 27, 2023)). It is now unclear what the State intends.

It may be necessary to establish at trial the authenticity or foundation of documents Plaintiffs offer as evidence. However, the Court also admonishes the State not to unreasonably contest foundation/authenticity if /////

they are relatively clear. The Court declines to broadly order that the documents in Appendix A are authenticated and have proper foundation. This motion will be denied.

#### State's MIL No. 1: Preclude cumulative expert witness testimony.

State's MIL No. 1 seeks to preclude redundant expert testimony. The State points to portions of Plaintiffs' Expert Witness Disclosures that involve general information about GHGs, climate change, and the impacts. At the request of a party or on its own, the Court will intervene if offered testimony becomes too cumulative. See Mont. R. Evid. 403. This motion will be granted, but specific objection will be required if a party believes testimony has become unduly repetitive.

#### State's MIL No. 2: Preclude irrelevant expert witness testimony.

State's MIL No. 2 seeks to exclude irrelevant testimony, specifically Dr. Jacobson's anticipated testimony about renewable energy and Dr. Van Susteren's testimony about climate change and mental health. Evidence must be relevant to be admissible. Mont. R. Evid. 402. Evidence is relevant if it is probative of a material fact. Mont. R. Evid. 401.

Testimony about renewable energy and the feasibility of Montana shifting away from fossil fuels is relevant to the strict scrutiny analysis and will be allowed. Both parties have experts who will offer opinions on the feasibility of transitioning to renewables, and they may be presented.

While Dr. Van Susteren's testimony is relevant to Plaintiffs' standing and equal protection claim, the Court agrees with the State that "Plaintiffs' mental health is not really and genuinely in controversy." Order on Motion Under Rule 35(a) for IMEs at 3-6. Factors that support allowing Dr. Van

Susteren's testimony include the fact that this is a bench trial, and that Plaintiffs are not seeking damages for specific mental or emotional injuries. The Court can hear Dr. Van Susteren's testimony without risk of confusion or prejudice.

While the Court finds Plaintiffs' alleged mental and emotional distress relevant, the Court will not accept testimony from Dr. Van Susteren that goes beyond the distress contemplated in the Order on Motion Under Rule 35(a) for IMEs. This is not precisely a relevance issue, but the Court is nonetheless wary of the scope of Dr. Van Susteren's proposed testimony.

This motion is denied, but the Court recognizes Plaintiffs' need to tailor Dr. Van Susteren's testimony.

State's MIL No. 3: Preclude evidence, allegations, or testimony relating to claims or legal theories Plaintiffs did not plead in the complaint.

This motion is too vague to be meaningful whether granted or denied. Specific objection will be required. The motion is denied.

State's MIL No. 4: Preclude any witness not qualified or properly designated as an expert from offering opinions on highly technical matters.

This motion is also vague because it does not offer any testimony at issue. Non-expert witnesses will not be allowed to offer highly technical opinions. The State may choose to voir dire a witness if it believes the witness is offering an expert opinion on a "highly technical matter". This motion will be granted.

State's MIL No. 6: Lay or fact witnesses excluded until after testimony.

Mont. R. Evid. 615 provides that witnesses must be excluded at a party's request. The motion will be granted. The parties should instruct fact or lay witnesses to refrain from talking to each other or watching live streams of the proceedings.

1	ORDER
2	Based on the foregoing, IT IS ORDERED:
3	1. Plaintiffs' MIL No. 2 is <b>GRANTED</b> .
4	2. Plaintiffs' MILs Nos. 3 and 5 are <b>GRANTED IN PART</b> ,
5	DENIED IN PART.
6	3. Plaintiffs' MIL Nos. 4, 6, 7 are <b>DENIED</b> .
7	4. State's MILs Nos. 1, 4, 5, 6, and 7 are <b>GRANTED</b> .
8	5. State's MILs Nos. 2 and 3 are <b>DENIED</b> .
9	
10	ELECTRONICALLY SIGNED BELOW
11	
12	cc: Melissa Hornbein, via email: hornbein@westernlaw.org
13	Barbara Chillcott, via email: chillcott@westernlaw.org Roger Sullivan, via email: rsullivan@mcgarveylaw.com
14	Dustin Leftridge, via email: dleftridge@mcgarveylaw.com
15	Nathan Bellinger, via email: nate@ourchldrenstrust.org  Mathew dos Santos, via email: mat.dossantos@ourchildrenstrust.org
16	Andrea Rodgers, via email: andrea@ourchildrenstrust.org
17	Philip L. Gregory, via email: pgregory@gregorylawgroup.com David M.S. Dewhirst, via email: David.dewhirst@mt.gov
18	Derek Oestreicher, via email: derek.oestreicher@mt.gov
19	Timothy Longfield, via email: timothy.longfield@mt.gov Morgan Varty, via email: morgan.varty@mt.gov
20	Emily Jones, via email: emily@joneslawmt.com
21	
22	KS/sm/CDV-2020-307 Ord Motions in Limine
23	
24	
25	